

# PAKISTAN INSTITUTE FOR PARLIAMENTARY SERVICES

DEDICATED TO PARLIAMENTARY EXCELLENCE

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## **GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES**

**Compiled By** 

**PIPS SDGs Desk** 





To make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



For more information or feedback contact us at research@pips.gov.pk

### **GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES**

#### A. General Statistics

- i. Urban population of Pakistan is 36.51%.<sup>1</sup>
- ii. Pakistan has been ranked highly in the Climate Vulnerability Index of 2019 ranking 8<sup>th</sup> among the 10 most affected countries by extreme weather events between 1997 and 2016.<sup>2</sup>
- iii. Presently, Pakistan ranks at 22<sup>nd</sup> position worldwide for 493,100 km length of its road network in all provinces, AJK and Gilgit Baltistan.<sup>3</sup>
- <sup>iv.</sup> According to German Watch, Pakistan has been ranked globally in the top ten countries most affected by climate change in the past 20 years owing to its geographical location.<sup>4</sup>
- v. According to the Global Climate Risk Index annual report for 2021, Pakistan has lost 0.52% per unit GDP, suffered economic losses worth US\$ 3771.91 million and witnessed 173 extreme weather events from 2000 to 2019.<sup>5</sup>
- vi. Asian Development Bank, analysis shows that the socioeconomic costs of environmental degradation are considerable with climate adaptation needs ranging between \$7 billion and \$14 billion per year.<sup>6</sup>
- vii. Pakistan passed the National Disaster Management Act in 2010 after which the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) was formed.<sup>7</sup>
- viii. 47% of the urban population lives in 9 cities only.<sup>8</sup>
- ix. A "Clean-Green Cities Index" has been successfully implemented in 20 cities of Pakistan during 2020 in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Punjab and was concluded in October 2020. It is now being scaled up in 93 cities of Pakistan across the country from 2021.<sup>9</sup>
- x. For 2021, the Federal and Provincial Governments allocated Rs. 150 billion. The highest per capita allocation is in Balochistan with Rs. 2,815 followed by Rs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, *Percentage Distribution of Population By Age, Sex and Area: Pakistan & Provinces* (Islamabad: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Disaster Risk Reduction In Pakistan (UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Finance Division, *Pakistan Economic Survey 2020-21*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Global Climate Risk Index, Annual Report 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Global Climate Risk Index, Annual Report 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Asian Development Bank, *Climate Change Profile of Pakistan*, (Manila: Asian Development Bank, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> National Disaster Management Authority, "An Act to provide for the Establishment of a National Disaster Management System for Pakistan," accessed February 17 2021, http://cms.ndma.gov.pk/storage/app/public/pages/September2020/NDMA-Act.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> UNICEF, Sustainable Development Goals Briefing Paper, 2021, http://www.lead.org.pk/lead/attachments/SDGFlyer\_english.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Finance Division, *Pakistan Economic Survey 2020-21*.

1,210 in Federal, Rs. 1,082 Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Rs. 684 in Sindh and Rs. 338 in Punjab province.<sup>10</sup>

xi. Pakistan needs Rs. 450 billion annually, based on SDGs costing tool of World Bank/UNICEF, to meet SDG targets of WASH by 2030.<sup>11</sup>

## **B.** Progress Tracking

#### Table 11Status of Indicators-SDG 11

Code	Indicator	Year	Value	Year	Latest National Value	Unit	Target
11.1.1	Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing.	2014	45.5 <sup>12</sup>	2018	40.1 <sup>13</sup>	%	22
11.5.1	Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	2014	0.14 <sup>14</sup>	2017	0.02 <sup>15</sup>	Per 1,00,00 0	N/A
11.5.2	Direct economic loss in relation to	2014	<.01 <sup>16</sup>	2018	<.01 <sup>17</sup>	%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Finance Division, *Pakistan Economic Survey 2020-21*.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Finance Division, *Pakistan Economic Survey* 2020-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> "Pakistan - UN-Habitat", Unhabitat.Org, 2021, https://unhabitat.org/pakistan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> "Population Living in Slums (% Of Urban Population) - Pakistan Data", *Data.Worldbank.Org*, 2021, https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/EN.POP.SLUM.UR.ZS?end=2018&locations=PK&start=2018&view=bar.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> "Goal 11: Sustainable Cities And Communities - SDG Tracker", Our World In Data, accessed February 26 2021, https://sdg-tracker.org/cities.
<sup>15</sup> SDG Tracker, Goal 11.

	globalGDP,damage to criticalinfrastructure andnumberofdisruptionstobasicservices,attributedtodisasters						
11.6.2	Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	2014	64.25μg <sup>18</sup>	2016	75.75µg <sup>19</sup>	μg	

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